

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17
UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2013
POLITICAL SCIENCE, PAPER - I

Part I: Time Allowed: 30 Minutes

Maximum Marks: 20

Part II: Time Allowed: 2 Hours & 30 Minutes

Maximum Marks: 80

Note: (i) First attempt Part-I (MCQs) on separate OMR Answer Sheet which shall be taken back after 30 minutes.

(ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.

PART-I (MCQs) (COMPULSORY)

Q.1. Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate Circle on the OMR Answer Sheet.

(ii) Answers given anywhere, other than OMR Answer Sheet, shall not be considered.

- 1. The main book which presents the Montesquieu's philosophy is:**
 - (a) The Persian letters**
 - (b) Prince**
 - (c) The spirit of law**
 - (d) None of these**
- 2. "Leviathan" is a book written by:**
 - (a) Rousseau**
 - (b) Locke**
 - (c) Hobbes**
 - (d) None of these**
- 3. "Al-Farabi" made ever lasting contribution to:**
 - (a) Aristotle**
 - (b) Plato**
 - (c) Montesquieu**
 - (d) None of these**
- 4. "Al-Farabi" translated the work of:**
 - (a) Political thought**
 - (b) Sociology**
 - (c) History**
 - (d) None of these**
- 5. 'Al-Ghazali' was appointed in "Nizamia College" as a professor of:**
 - (a) Theology**
 - (b) Sociology**
 - (c) Economics**
 - (d) None of these**
- 6. Asbiyah was the term used by:**
 - (a) Turkish**
 - (b) Spanish**
 - (c) Ara**
 - (d) None of these**

7. **"The economics is the factor causing revolutions, movements or wars" is the claim of:**
 - (a) Mao
 - (b) Karl Marx
 - (c) Lenin
 - (d) None of these
8. **Dr. Iqbal graduated in the year of:**
 - (a) 1887
 - (b) 1889
 - (c) 1885
 - (d) None of these
9. **Jean Bodin presented the concept of sovereignty in the book of:**
 - (a) Republic
 - (b) Lectures on Jurisprudence
 - (c) Republica
 - (d) None of these
10. **According to which view, the law and liberty are opposite to each other:**
 - (a) Liberalism
 - (b) Communism
 - (c) Individualism
 - (d) None of these
11. **The term "elite" was first began to use in:**
 - (a) France and Germany
 - (b) U.K. and U.S.
 - (c) U.S. and U.S.S.R.
 - (d) None of these
12. **The constitution is not written and rigid in:**
 - (a) Confederation
 - (b) Federation
 - (c) Unitary State
 - (d) None of these
13. **A voluntary union of sovereign and independent states is called:**
 - (a) Federation
 - (b) Confederation
 - (c) Unitary State
 - (d) None of these
14. **"Reconstruction of Religious Thoughts in Islam" is written by:**
 - (a) Ibn-e-Khaldun
 - (b) Allama Iqbal
 - (c) Syed Amir Ali
 - (d) None of these
15. **According to Aristotle, tyranny is the perverted form of:**
 - (a) Democracy
 - (b) Aristocracy
 - (c) Monarchy
 - (d) None of these
16. **Depotism means**
 - (a) Rule of individual based on law
 - (b) Rule of individual without law
 - (c) Democracy
 - (d) None of these
17. **Mechiavelli was a:**
 - (a) Republican
 - (b) Monarchist
 - (c) Aristocrat
 - (d) None of these
18. **The regimes, like Nazi Germany, Fascist Italy and Soviet Union under Stalin are the example of:**
 - (a) Authoritarian Rule
 - (b) Totalitarian Rule
 - (c) Liberal Democracy
 - (d) None of these

19. The distinction between the parliamentary and presidential political system depends upon the relationship between:
 (a) Legislature & executive (b) P.M. & president
 (c) P.M. & cabinet (d) None of these
20. Who said, "Law is the command of sovereign"?
 (a) Jean Bodin (b) John Austin
 (c) Rousseau (d) None of these

PART-II

- Note:** (i) **Part-II** is to be attempted on the separate **Answer Book**.
 (ii) Candidate must write **Q. No.** in the **Answer Book** in accordance with **Q. No.** in the **Q. Paper**.
 (iii) Attempt **ONLY FOUR** questions from **PART-II**, selecting **TWO** questions from **EACH SECTION**. **ALL** questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
 (iv) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

SECTION-A

- Q.2.** Examine Montesquieu's theory of separation of powers. Why he has been called "Aristotle" of eighteenth century? Discuss.
- Q.3.** Critically analyse the social contract theory of Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau.
- Q.4.** Discuss the Allama Iqbal's concept of "Khudi".
- Q.5.** Write short notes on the following.
 (i) Ibne Khaldun's concept of Asbiyah
 (ii) Marx's theory of Class Struggle

SECTION-B

- Q.6.** Define and discuss Liberty and its safeguards. Enlist the causes of its decline in modern times also.
- Q.7.** Define political parties and their functions. In your view, which party system is suitable for Pakistan's political system?
- Q.8.** Write notes on the following:
 (i) Independence of Judiciary
 (ii) Merits of Federation